Dominican Republic

Sources:
Jain 1975
Hausmann and Rigobon 1993, Table 3.1 + the text
Santana and Rathe 1993
WB, Dom. Rep. 1995
Psacharopoulos et al. 1997
Székely 2003
Deininger & Squire, World Bank 2004

Surveys:
Estudio sobre Presupuestos Familiares, 1969
Used by Jain (1975). No documentation.

National Family Income and Expenditure Survey 1976, 1984
Used by Santana and Rathe (1993). The income concept is not defined.

Income and Expenditure Survey, 1986
Used by WB, Dom. Rep. (1995). The survey was conducted by Tufts University. The results of this survey have been adjusted to be in line with the National Accounts. The under estimation of income was 34%. The income concept seems to be gross incomes but the treatment of non-monetary incomes is unclear.

Enucesta de Gasto Social de las Familias, 1989
The survey had a national coverage with only 799 households included. The income concept was defined as monthly income including income from earnings, pensions, unemployment funds, property, rents, bank deposits, loans, mortgages, student loans, social welfare program, remittances, lotteries, scholarships, self-production and goods received. The calculations by both Psacharopoulos et al. (1997) and Deininger & Squire (2004) are based on unit record data.

Income and Expenditure Survey 1992
Used by WB, Dom. Rep. (1995). The survey was conducted by a private research institute called Fundación Economía y Desarrollo. The income concept seems to be gross incomes but the treatment of non-monetary incomes is unclear.

Encuesta Nacional de Fuerza de Trabajo, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998
This source is used by Deininger and Squire (2004) and Székely (2003). Documentation is scarce. Some 3500-5500 households are covered over the years. The income concept appears to be monetary income, including market incomes, and private and public transfers.

Encuesta Nacional Sobre Gastos e Ingresos de los Hogares, 1998
Used by Székely (2003). No documentation available.