Mali

Sources:
World Bank Poverty Monitoring Database 2002
Deininger & Squire, World Bank 2004
World Bank, Africa Department

Surveys:
Enquête Budget et Consommation 1989
The sample was selected in two stages, in the first stage enumeration areas were selected and in the second stage households stratified according to their activity status. The sample included 2816 households. The consumption was carefully measured in several (22) visits to the households. Daily consumption was measured on a daily basis. Less frequent expenditures were asked retrospectively for a one month or one year period. Non-food items were also covered in a detailed list.

Enquête Malienne de conjoncture économique et sociale 1994
The survey is a World Bank Priority Survey. The data was collected in only one visit to the households. The expenditure questionnaire was short and not very detailed. The most important main items were asked but, for example, only 10 food items were included in the questionnaire and there was almost no detail on non-food items. In addition, only food items and health were asked for a shorter reference period (last two weeks for food and last month for health), whereas all other items were asked for the last 12 months period only. In-kind items, self-consumption and durables were not asked. On the income side, the questionnaire includes wages, self-employment incomes, rents, private transfers, income from pensions and insurances, and other income. Neither in-kind items nor self-consumption are included.