Infrastructure and Industrial Development in Africa

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Overview

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- 5. Conclusion

Introduction

- ☐ Africa's, especially Sub-Saharan Africa's growth most impressive at 5% (WEF, 2013)
- ☐ Africa remains the poorest despite impressive growth
- ☐ Lack of industrial development bane of problems
- ☐ Inadequate infrastructure fingered in the deindustrialization of Africa
- ☐ Challenge is enormous, those requires far reaching policy directions

<u>Infrastructure and industrial development</u>

| Critical infrastructure need for industrial development include inadequate include |
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| Energy |
| Robust transport infrastructure |
| Transnational and regional rail linesRoads, |
| ☐ Airports☐ Seaports and waterwaters |
| Technological infrastructure ICT – broadband backbone Absorptive capacity (human capacity) |

How large is the constraints?

- ☐ investment needs of African countries in infrastructure exceed by far the amounts being invested at present by governments
- Africa's total infrastructure investment needs are estimated at over US\$250 billion WEF (2013)
- □ Road access rate is only 34%, compared with 50% in other parts of the developing world
- ☐ transport costs are higher by up to 100%
- □ only 30% of the population has access to electricity, compared to 70–90% in other parts of the developing world;
- ☐ internet penetration rate is only about 6%, compared to an average of 40% in other parts of the developing world (WEF, 2013

Policy considerations

- ☐ Industrial clustering
- ☐ Creating special economic zones
- ☐ Industrial upgrading
- ☐ Leapfrogging
- ☐ Public-Private-Partnerships
- Direct Foreign Investments and Official Development Options
- ☐ Providing favourable investment climates

Conclusion

| ☐ Africa is growing at fast pace but broad based economic development remains elusive |
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| ☐ Infrastructure inadequacy is major constraints to industrial development in the continent |
| \square Industrial development in the Africa requires should emphasize investment in infrastructure |
| ☐Such policies should reflect on right policy mixes that best suit their current needs |



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Thanks for your attention